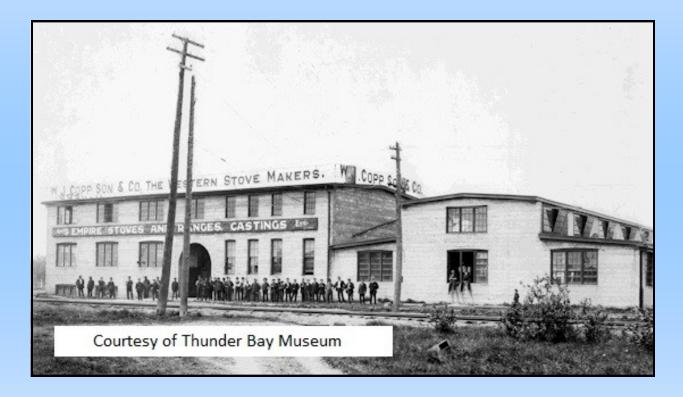
Copp Stove Company Ltd.

The Copp Stove Company Ltd. was one of the key industries located in the twin cities of Port Arthur and Fort William and played a vital role in the Great War. Located at the corner of Empire and Syndicate Avenue in Fort William, the business began as the Copp Stove Foundry in 1902 by W.J. Copp and his son Harold Copp. The plant was operated by the Copps until 1912, four years after W.J. Copp passed away, when Harold Copp's health forced him into retirement. The company was then purchased by a group which renamed the company The Copp Stove Co. Limited.



In 1915, the Copp Stove Co. secured a large government contract to produce munitions, and by November of that year the company had completed its first order. The following year, it was reported that the company employed 150 men to manufacture approximately 1000 4.5 high explosive Howitzer shells per week. These employees were divided into 2 shifts working day and night to manufacture munitions in preparation for shipment to Montreal where they would be exported overseas.

COPP COMPANY IS MAKING THOUSAND SHELLS PER WEEK

Interview With J. A. Kilpatrick During His Business Visit To the City

J. A. Kilpatrick, director of the Copp Stove company, who had been in the city for the past few leaves tonight on his return to Toronto. The Times-Journal had a few minutes 'talk with the gentleman in the rotunda of the Avenue botel this afternoon.

One of the first questions asked Mr. Kilpatrick was the plans, present and future, of the company during the oming summer. "As you know," said Mr. Kilpatrick, "our plant 's engaged in the manufacture of war munitions and at present are very busy. We have work enough ahead to keep the plant running full blast until al .t the first of July. Some 150 men are employed and we are turning out about 1,000 4.5 high explosive shells

every week."

Mr. Kilpatrick would not an answer to the question if there would be future contracts when the I esent one is completed, but his smile told volumes. He said that at the present time about 150,000 work-r n are engaged in making this war material. These men would 'e making an average of \$3 per day, which would mean an outlay in wages for one day of \$450,000, amounting in one part of work days to over \$20,000,000 paid out in solid cash, as wages to those engaged in the business. Acsome 10 or 12 plants making muni-tions at of Fort William to the COASL Port Arthur News Chronicle March 15, 191

Unfortunately the company would be dealt a fatal blow in May of 1917 as a result of fire. On May 24, 1917 the Fort William Daily Times Journal declared that the fire left nothing in its wake but a 'tangled mess of iron and machinery, as a result of one the most spectacular fires that has ever been witnessed in Fort William since the destruction by fire of the old wooden elevator 'B'". The company would not survive the destruction caused by the fire and its production of munitions ceased.

